

Field Treatment

1. Basic airway
2. Oxygen prn

Note: ①

3. Advanced airway prn
4. Cardiac monitor prn/document rhythm (attach EKG strip if dysrhythmia identified) ③
5. Venous access prn
6. Blood glucose test if altered level of consciousness
7. If hypoventilation or suspicion of narcotic overdose exists,
naloxone 0.8-2mg IVP titrated to adequate respiratory rate and tidal volume.
① ②
 ↪ Repeat every 5 minutes prn if partial response is noted.
8. If blood glucose < 80, **dextrose 50% 50ml** slow IVP. If patient awake and alert, consider an oral glucose preparation.
② ③
 ↪ May repeat one time.
9. If blood glucose < 80 and unable to establish venous access,
glucagon 1mg IM.
④

Drug Considerations

Narcan™(naloxone):

- ① Alternate routes: 2mg IM or IN
- 👤 ② Pediatrics: 0.1mg/kg IVP, IN or IM
 See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids

Dextrose:

- 👤 ③ Pediatrics:
 0 – 2 - - 2ml/kg of dextrose 25% IVP
 Over 2 years - - 1ml/kg of dextrose 50% IVP
 See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids
 If child >40kg, dextrose 50% 1cc/kg

Glucagon:

- 👤 ④ Pediatrics: 1mg IM
 See Color Code Drug Doses/L.A. County Kids

Special Considerations

- ① If narcotic overdose, consider venous access and naloxone prior to advanced airway.
- ② If blood glucose <80mg/dl (chemstrip) or <60mg/dl (glucometer, if known diabetic <80).
- ③ Base contact required for certain dysrhythmias. See dysrhythmia definitions